**Session 6**

1. The formatted I/O functions are \_\_printf()\_\_ and \_\_scanf()\_\_\_.  
   A. printf() and scanf() B. getchar() and putchar()  
   C. puts() and gets() D. None of the above
2. scanf() uses \_\_\_pointers\_\_\_\_ to variables rather than variable names.  
   A. functions B. pointers  
   C. arrays D. None of the above
3. \_\_Format specifier\_\_ specify the form by which the values of the variables are to be input and printed.  
   A. Text B. format specifier  
   C. argument D. None of the above
4. \_\_%\_\_ is used by the printf() function to identify conversion specifications.  
   A. % B. &  
   C. \* D. None of the above
5. getchar() is a function without any arguments [T/F] **-** True
6. \_\_Buffer\_\_\_\_ is a temporary storage area in memory.  
   A. ROM B. Register  
   C. Buffer D. None of the above
7. Escape sequence can be placed outside the control string in printf(). [T/F] **-** False

**Session 7**

1. \_\_Conditional\_\_\_ statements enable us to change the flow of a program.  
   A. Conditional B. Loop  
   C. Sequence D. None of the above
2. The else statement is optional. **(T/F) – True**
3. A \_\_Nested if\_\_\_ is an if statement, which is placed within another if or else.  
   A. Multi if B. Nested if  
   C. switched if D. None of the above
4. The \_\_switch\_\_ statement is a multi-way decision maker that tests the value of an  
   expression against a list of integer or character constants.  
   A. Sequence B. if  
   C. switch D. None of the above
5. if (expression)  
    statement 1  
   else  
    statement 2  
   Which statement will be executed when expression is false?  
   A. statement 1 B. statement 2